B10 (Official Form 10) (04/13) UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT District of Massachusetts PROOF OF CLAIM Name of Debtor: Case Number: NEW ENGLAND COMPOUNDING PHARMACY, INC., d/b/a NEW 12-19882-HJB ENGLAND COMPOUNDING CENTER TAX ID. NO. 04-3407495 NOTE: Do not use this form to make a claim for an administrative expense that arises after the bankruptcy filing. You may file a request for payment of an administrative expense according to 11 U.S.C. § 503. Name of Creditor (the person or other entity to whom the debtor owes money or property): DANA MARLENE BRADLEY COURT USE ONLY Name and address where notices should be sent: Check this box if this claim amends a J. Scott Sexton, Esquire, Gentry Locke Rakes & Moore, LLP previously filed claim. P. O. Box 40013, Roanoke, VA 24022 Court Claim Number:___ (If known) Telephone number: (540) 983-9300 email: sexton@gentrylocke.com Filed on: Name and address where payment should be sent (if different from above): Check this box if you are aware that anyone else has filed a proof of claim relating to this claim. Attach copy of statement giving particulars. Telephone number: email: 1. Amount of Claim as of Date Case Filed: 5,350,000.00 If all or part of the claim is secured, complete item 4. If all or part of the claim is entitled to priority, complete item 5. Check this box if the claim includes interest or other charges in addition to the principal amount of the claim. Attach a statement that itemizes interest or charges. 2. Basis for Claim: Personal Injury (See instruction #2) 3. Last four digits of any number 3a. Debtor may have scheduled account as: 3b. Uniform Claim Identifier (optional): by which creditor identifies debtor: (See instruction #3a) (See instruction #3b) Amount of arrearage and other charges, as of the time case was filed, 4. Secured Claim (See instruction #4) included in secured claim, if any: Check the appropriate box if the claim is secured by a lien on property or a right of setoff, attach required redacted documents, and provide the requested information. Basis for perfection: Describe: Amount of Secured Claim; Value of Property: \$ Amount Unsecured: (when case was filed) 5. Amount of Claim Entitled to Priority under 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a). If any part of the claim falls into one of the following categories, check the box specifying the priority and state the amount. ☐ Domestic support obligations under 11 ☐ Wages, salaries, or commissions (up to \$12,475*) Contributions to an U.S.C. § 507 (a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B). earned within 180 days before the case was filed or the employee benefit plan debtor's business ceased, whichever is earlier -11 U.S.C. § 507 (a)(5). Amount entitled to priority: 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a)(4). ☐ Taxes or penalties owed to governmental units -Up to \$2,775* of deposits toward ☐ Other - Specify purchase, lease, or rental of property or 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a)(8). applicable paragraph of services for personal, family, or household 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a)(__). use - 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a)(7).

*Amounts are subject to adjustment on 4/01/16 and every 3 years thereafter with respect to cases commenced on or after the date of adjustment.

6. Credits. The amount of all payments on this claim has been credited for the purpose of making this proof of claim. (See instruction #6)

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7. Documents: Attached are redacted copies of any documents that running accounts, contracts, judgments, mortgages, security agreements statement providing the information required by FRBP 3001(c)(3)(A evidence of perfection of a security interest are attached. If the claim filed with this claim. (See instruction #7, and the definition of "redaction")	ents, or, in the case of a claim based on). If the claim is secured, box 4 has be is secured by the debtor's principal res	an open-end or revolving consumer credit agreement, a	
DO NOT SEND ORIGINAL DOCUMENTS. ATTACHED DOCUMENTS MAY BE DESTROYED AFTER SCANNING.			
If the documents are not available, please explain:			
8. Signature: (See instruction #8)			
Check the appropriate box.			
I am the creditor. I am the creditor's authorized agent.	☐ I am the trustee, or the debtor, or their authorized agent. (See Bankruptcy Rule 3004.)	☐ I am a guarantor, surety, indorser, or other codebtor. (See Bankruptcy Rule 3005.)	
I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided in this claim is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and reasonable belief.			
Print Name: Dana Marlene Bradley Title: Company: Address and telephone number (if different from notice address)	D. Mark	ine Stadley 1-9-14	
SEE ATTACHED ADDENDUM TO PROOF OF			
Telephone number: email:	<u>iM</u>		

Penalty for presenting fraudulent claim: Fine of up to \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152 and 3571.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROOF OF CLAIM FORM

The instructions and definitions below are general explanations of the law. In certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy cases not filed voluntarily by the debtor,
exceptions to these general rules may apply.

Items to be completed in Proof of Claim form

Court, Name of Debtor, and Case Number:

Fill in the federal judicial district in which the bankruptcy case was filed (for example, Central District of California), the debtor's full name, and the case number. If the creditor received a notice of the case from the bankruptcy court, all of this information is at the top of the notice.

Creditor's Name and Address:

Fill in the name of the person or entity asserting a claim and the name and address of the person who should receive notices issued during the bankruptcy case. A separate space is provided for the payment address if it differs from the notice address. The creditor has a continuing obligation to keep the court informed of its current address. See Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure (FRBP) 2002(g).

1. Amount of Claim as of Date Case Filed:

State the total amount owed to the creditor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. Follow the instructions concerning whether to complete items 4 and 5. Check the box if interest or other charges are included in the claim.

2. Basis for Claim:

State the type of debt or how it was incurred. Examples include goods sold, money loaned, services performed, personal injury/wrongful death, car loan, mortgage note, and credit card. If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services so as to avoid embarrassment or the disclosure of confidential health care information. You may be required to provide additional disclosure if an interested party objects to the claim.

3. Last Four Digits of Any Number by Which Creditor Identifies Debtor: State only the last four digits of the debtor's account or other number used by the creditor to identify the debtor.

3a. Debtor May Have Scheduled Account As:

Report a change in the creditor's name, a transferred claim, or any other information that clarifies a difference between this proof of claim and the claim as scheduled by the debtor.

3b. Uniform Claim Identifier:

If you use a uniform claim identifier, you may report it here. A uniform claim identifier is an optional 24-character identifier that certain large creditors use to facilitate electronic payment in chapter 13 cases.

4. Secured Claim:

Check whether the claim is fully or partially secured. Skip this section if the

claim is entirely unsecured. (See Definitions.) If the claim is secured, check the box for the nature and value of property that secures the claim, attach copies of lien documentation, and state, as of the date of the bankruptcy filing, the annual interest rate (and whether it is fixed or variable), and the amount past due on the claim.

5. Amount of Claim Entitled to Priority Under 11 U.S.C. § 507 (a). If any portion of the claim falls into any category shown, check the appropriate box(es) and state the amount entitled to priority. (See Definitions.) A claim may be partly priority and partly non-priority. For example, in some of the categories, the law limits the amount entitled to priority.

6. Credits:

An authorized signature on this proof of claim serves as an acknowledgment that when calculating the amount of the claim, the creditor gave the debtor credit for any payments received toward the debt.

7. Documents:

Attach redacted copies of any documents that show the debt exists and a lien secures the debt. You must also attach copies of documents that evidence perfection of any security interest and documents required by FRBP 3001(c) for claims based on an open-end or revolving consumer credit agreement or secured by a security interest in the debtor's principal residence. You may also attach a summary in addition to the documents themselves. FRBP 3001(c) and (d). If the claim is based on delivering health care goods or services, limit disclosing confidential health care information. Do not send original documents, as attachments may be destroyed after scanning.

8. Date and Signature:

The individual completing this proof of claim must sign and date it. FRBP 9011. If the claim is filed electronically, FRBP 5005(a)(2) authorizes courts to establish local rules specifying what constitutes a signature. If you sign this form, you declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided is true and correct to the best of your knowledge, information, and reasonable belief. Your signature is also a certification that the claim meets the requirements of FRBP 9011(b). Whether the claim is filed electronically or in person, if your name is on the signature line, you are responsible for the declaration. Print the name and title, if any, of the creditor or other person authorized to file this claim. State the filer's address and telephone number if it differs from the address given on the top of the form for purposes of receiving notices. If the claim is filed by an authorized agent, provide both the name of the individual filing the claim and the name of the agent. If the authorized agent is a servicer, identify the corporate servicer as the company. Criminal penalties apply for making a false statement on a proof of claim.

DEFINITIONS

Debtor

A debtor is the person, corporation, or other entity that has filed a bankruptcy case.

Creditor

A creditor is a person, corporation, or other entity to whom debtor owes a debt that was incurred before the date of the bankruptcy filing. See 11 U.S.C. §101 (10).

Claim

A claim is the creditor's right to receive payment for a debt owed by the debtor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. See 11 U.S.C. §101 (5). A claim may be secured or unsecured.

Proof of Claim

A proof of claim is a form used by the creditor to indicate the amount of the debt owed by the debtor on the date of the bankruptcy filing. The creditor must file the form with the clerk of the same bankruptcy court in which the bankruptcy case was filed.

Secured Claim Under 11 U.S.C. § 506 (a)

A secured claim is one backed by a lien on property of the debtor. The claim is secured so long as the creditor has the right to be paid from the property prior to other creditors. The amount of the secured claim cannot exceed the value of the property. Any amount owed to the creditor in excess of the value of the property is an unsecured claim. Examples of liens on property include a mortgage on real estate or a security interest in a car. A lien may be voluntarily granted by a debtor or may be obtained through a court proceeding. In some states, a court judgment is a lien.

A claim also may be secured if the creditor owes the debtor money (has a right to setoff).

Unsecured Claim

An unsecured claim is one that does not meet the requirements of a secured claim. A claim may be partly unsecured if the amount of the claim exceeds the value of the property on which the creditor has a lien.

Claim Entitled to Priority Under 11 U.S.C. § 507

Priority claims are certain categories of unsecured claims that are paid from the available money or property in a bankruptcy case before other unsecured claims.

Redacted

A document has been redacted when the person filing it has masked, edited out, or otherwise deleted, certain information. A creditor must show only the last four digits of any social-security, individual's tax-identification, or financial-account number, only the initials of a minor's name, and only the year of any person's date of birth. If the claim is based on the delivery of health care goods or services, limit the disclosure of the goods or services so as to avoid embarrassment or the disclosure of confidential health care information.

Evidence of Perfection

Evidence of perfection may include a mortgage, lien, certificate of title, financing statement, or other document showing that the lien has been filed or recorded.

INFORMATION

Acknowledgment of Filing of Claim

To receive acknowledgment of your filing, you may either enclose a stamped self-addressed envelope and a copy of this proof of claim or you may access the court's PACER system

(www.pacer.psc.uscourts.gov) for a small fee to view your filed proof of claim.

Offers to Purchase a Claim

Certain entities are in the business of purchasing claims for an amount less than the face value of the claims. One or more of these entities may contact the creditor and offer to purchase the claim. Some of the written communications from these entities may easily be confused with official court documentation or communications from the debtor. These entities do not represent the bankruptcy court or the debtor. The creditor has no obligation to sell its claim. However, if the creditor decides to sell its claim, any transfer of such claim is subject to FRBP 3001(e), any applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code (11 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.), and any applicable orders of the bankruptcy court.

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS EASTERN DIVISION

In re:	Chapter 11
New England Compounding Pharmacy, Inc.,	Case No. 12-19882 (HJB)
Debtor	

ADDENDUM TO PROOF OF CLAIM

The attached Proof of Claim is submitted under protest for the following reasons:

- 1. This Court's Bar Date Order of September 27, 2013, provides in the text of the order that failure to submit a Proof of Claim against the Debtor (New England Compounding Pharmacy), may result in such claims being barred or enjoined. The text of the Bar Date Order mentions nothing regarding potential impact on claims against third parties.
- 2. The Bar Date Notice (attached as **Exhibit A** to the Bar Date Order) is much broader. That notice purports to assert that, if a Claimant does not submit a claim against the Debtor before the bar date, then the Claimant may never be able to recover from any person or entity (including healthcare providers) related in any way to the use of an NECC product.
- 3. This notice provision is inserted in accommodation of the Trustee's plan to obtain settlement contributions from non-debtor third parties in exchange for a non-debtor release in the Debtor's Plan of Reorganization.
- 4. The Claimant objects to the requirement that a Proof of Claim must be filed against the Debtor in order to preserve existing claims already asserted against third parties in completely unrelated cases. The Claimant feels compelled to file a proof of claim in order to preserve claims against non-debtor third parties, completely unrelated to the debtor.